

Performing Arts Curriculum Overview for KS3 2022 2023

	Key Stage Three Year 7 / Year 8								
Year Group	Sept-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Feb – March	April-May	Jun-Jul			
7 Dance	Industrial revolution Introduction unit to Basic Body Actions Choreography Part A bronze Arts Award	Comic Strips Introduction to Expressive skills Performance	Uprising Introduction to space Choreography Part D Bronze Arts Award (leadership)	Gangs/West Side Story Implementing skills in another dance style Jazz / introduction to dancer relationships Choreography and performance	Dance Around the world Exploring cultural dance Performance	Pirates Culmination of year 7 skills Choreography and performance			
Knowledge Performance	To gain knowledge and understanding of a variety of styles:	To gain knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform dances through themed topic.	To gain knowledge of a practitioners stylistic qualities in contemporary dance.	To gain knowledge of a practitioners stylistic qualities in jazz dance.	To gain knowledge and understanding of a variety of styles:	To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance techniques.			
	Contemporary stylistic qualities Basic body actions To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique.	To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique.	Israeli choreographer stylistic qualities	To gain knowledge and understanding of a variety of styles Jazz Dance stylistic qualities Links to Romeo and	African Dance stylistic qualities Bollywood Dance stylistic qualities To develop knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique in	To extend knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform contemporary dance.			

Head of Faculty: Miss Haynes
Faculty Teachers: Miss McThr

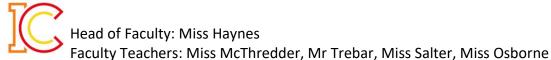
				Juliet	other cultural styles.	
				To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique.	To gain knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform African dance and Bollywood dance.	
				To gain knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform jazz dance.		
Choreography	To gain choreographic knowledge of what a motif and basic dance structure including transitions.	To gain choreographic knowledge of dynamics (focus on speed)	To develop choreographic knowledge of dynamics (focus on weight)	To gain choreographic knowledge of dance relationships understanding how to apply these.	To build knowledge of dancer to dancer relationships and dancer to self.	To consolidate ASDR knowledge gained throughout year 7 in the contemporary dance style.
			To gain choreographic knowledge of space .	To gain knowledge of auditory stimuli.		
			To gain choreographic knowledge of the choreographic device			

'To be a creative, confident, reflective performer'.

motif development

(space).

Appreciation	To gain knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI.	To build knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment Target setting WWW EBI.	To build knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI. To build analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work.	To build knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI. To build analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work.	To gain knowledge of performance spaces. To build knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / selfassessment. Target setting WWW EBI.	To extend knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI.
Skills	Performance skills	Performance skills Alignment Accuracy of actions Balance Co ordination Control Extension Flexibility Isolation Movement memory Posture Strength Stamina Dynamics Facial expression Focus projection	Performance skills Alignment Accuracy of actions Balance Co ordination Control Extension Flexibility Isolation Movement memory Posture Strength Stamina Choreography skills Understandin g the term motif	Performance skills	Performance skills Alignment Accuracy of actions Balance Co ordination Control Extension Flexibility Isolation Movement memory Posture Strength Stamina Dynamic Range Emphasis Facial expressions	Performance skills Alignment Accuracy of actions Balance Co ordination Control Extension Flexibility Isolation Movement memory Posture Strength Stamina Dynamic Range Emphasis Facial expressions Focus Musicality Projection Spatial awareness



Use of BBA actions Transitions Unison	Choreography skills • Understanding of the term motif • Use of BBA actions • Transitions • Unison Ar	Motif development using space and components: Size Level Direction Pathway rts Award: Leadership Teamwork Communicati on Confidence Problem solving Time management	 style Choreography skills Action reaction Creating own motif. 	 Focus Musicality Projection Spatial awareness Timing Replication of specific Dance styles Choreography skills Transitions Choreographin g for theatre in the round 	 Timing Replication of Dance stylistic features Choreography skills Understand the term motif Clear performance of six basic body actions Contact work Motif development formations Action / Reaction Unison Canon / accumulation Transitions
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Concepts

- Explore a range of expressive themes to communicate different meanings and intention.
- To be confident performers.
- To know how to perform in a diverse range of dance styles.
- Analyse different dance styles.
- Know how to interpret and respond to a range of stimuli.
- Use their understanding of choreographic structures and devices to create and communicate dance intentions.
- Evaluate and reflect on their own and others work, adapting, refining and target setting.
- Discuss different aspects of their own and others work, explaining how they can improve creativity and applying outcomes to improve performance outcomes.
- Work effectively with others

• Demonstrate leadership skills

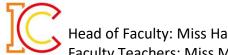
The Curriculum aims to achieve creativity, confidence, choreography and performance skills. This is delivered through a variety of styles of performance from contemporary, Jazz and dance from around the world.

• Dance learning is CYCLICAL – the same skills are reapplied in more complex ways over time at KS3.

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Arts Award follows the criteria for the trinity College Bronze Arts Award whilst simultaneously expanding upon key skills in dance and drama in preparation for the BTEC / RSL Dance/GCSE drama specifications.

8 Dance	Secret Agents Responding to a stimuli – props / Idea (Ideational / tactile) Arts Award Part A Choreography	Swansong Use of prop to communicate a narrative. Motif development actions Performance	Dangerous sports Motif development ASR. Use of kinaesthetic stimuli. Arts Award Part D (leadership) Choreography	Carman Use of a moving prop and performance skills Choreography and performance	Lord of The Flies Process of choreography / Motif development ASDR Choreography	Graffiti Art / Street Dance Exploring the street dance style Performance
Knowledge Performance	To extend knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform dances through themed topic. To develop knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique.	To build knowledge of ways to use different props in dance. To gain knowledge how to sophisticatedly communicate a theme using a prop. To gain choreographic knowledge of the choreographic device	To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique.	To extend knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform dances with characterisation. To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique Matthew Bourne	To build knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform dances with characterisation. Matthew Bourne British Choreographer	To gain knowledge and understanding of a variety of styles: Street Dance / Hip Hop stylistic qualities To build knowledge of key physical skills to develop individual dance technique in the street dance style - accuracy of actions.



		motif development (actions). Christopher Bruce: British Choreographer		British Choreographer		To build knowledge of the expressive skills required to perform street dance style. Kenrick H20 Sandy British Choreographer
Choreography	To gain knowledge of ideational / tactile and visual stimuli. To gain knowledge of how to use a prop in dance.	To build knowledge of evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI To develop analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work. To develop understanding of effective contribution of costume and use of music.	To extend knowledge of choreographic skills – motif development Space / Actions To gain choreographic knowledge of the choreographic device climax / highlights / counterpoint. To gain knowledge of how to use kinaesthetic stimuli. To gain choreographic knowledge of dynamics (focus on speed) To extend choreographic knowledge of dynamics (focus on weight and speed)	To extend knowledge of ways to use different props in dance over, under and around. To build knowledge of canon and accumulation. To develop use of climax and dance structure.	To gain knowledge of different choreographers choreographic approaches -e.g top and tail, whisper and shout. To expand knowledge of motif development ASDR to choreographic intention. To develop physical theatre contact work skills To expand use of dance relationships to communicate choreographic intention. e.g lead and follow / action reaction/mirroring.	To extend knowledge of motif development ASDR in the street dance style and use of intention. To build knowledge of use of contact work within the street dance style and graffiti intention. To build choreographic knowledge of dynamics (focus on speed) in the street dance style.

Facul	Teachers: Miss Mc	hredder, Mr Trebar, Mis	Arts Award: • Leadership • Teamwork • Communicati on • Confidence	e	To develop use of dance structure AB ABA.	
Approxiation	To build knowledge of	To build knowledge of	Problem solving Time managemen To build knowledge of	To build knowledge of	To build knowledge o	To develop knowledge of
Appreciation	evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI	evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / selfassessment. Target setting WWW EBI To develop analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work. To develop understanding of effective contribution of use of music	evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI	evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI To develop analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work.	f evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / selfassessment. Target setting WWW EBI	evaluation skills to their own and others works work. Peer / self-assessment. Target setting WWW EBI To develop analysis skills through guided viewing tasks and apply knowledge to own work in another dance style. To develop understanding of effective contribution of lighting.
				To develop understanding of effective contribution of		

'To be a creative, confident, reflective performer'.

staging.

Head of Faculty: Miss Haynes Faculty Teachers: Miss McThr

Faculty Teachers: Miss McThredder, Mr Trebar, Miss Salter, Miss Osborne

Skills	Performance skills	Performance skills	Performance Skills	Performance skills	Performance skills	Performance skills
	 Posture Strength Extension Spatial awareness Focus (for working with prop) Choreography skills Use of prop Using a stimulus to create movement. 	- Strength - Movement memory - Control - Projection - Facial expressions Choreography skills - Use of prop - Contact - Motif development actions	Stamina Flexibility Emphasis Timing Dynamic range Choreography skills Motif Development space Motif development / Action Contact work Climax Highlight Counterpoint	Control Co ordination Spatial awareness Facial expressions Musicality Choreography skills Choreographic Devices e.g Canon / climax Use of prop	 Balance Facial expressions Extension Alignment Choreography skills Action / Reaction Mirroring Lead and follow Contact 	 Stamina Co ordination Isolation Alignment Accuracy of actions Timing Musicality Projection Choreography skills Motif development ASDR Dynamics Contact work

Concepts

- Explore a range of expressive themes to communicate different meanings and intention.
- To be confident performers.
- To know how to perform in a diverse range of dance styles.
- Analyse different dance styles and styles within contemporary dance.
- Know how to interpret and respond to a range of stimuli.
- Know how to use and respond to a range of props.
- Use their understanding of choreographic structures and devices to create and communicate dance intentions.
- Evaluate and reflect on their own and others work, adapting, refining and target setting.
- Analyse the contribution of other components make to a dance production e.g. set, lighting, costume.
- Discuss different aspects of their own and others work, explaining how they can improve creativity and applying outcomes to improve performance outcomes.
- Work effectively with others.

Head of Faculty: Miss Haynes

Faculty Teachers: Miss McThredder, Mr Trebar, Miss Salter, Miss Osborne

The Curriculum aims to achieve creativity, confidence, choreography and performance skills.

This is delivered through a variety of styles of performance from contemporary, Jazz and dance from around the world.

• Dance learning is CYCLICAL – the same skills are reapplied in more complex ways over time at KS3.

7 Drama	School to Stage Introduction to essential Drama performance skills	Heroes and villains Building on knowledge of style and genre, understanding status developing characterisation.	Silent Movie Building on physical skills and understanding style	Blood Brothers Developing characterisation and knowledge of style	A Midsummers Night's Dream To portray character relationships and aid understanding of Shakespeare (Link to English topic)	Storytelling Understanding Part B Arts Award: Review writing
Knowledge	- To gain knowledge of soft skills and understand their importance in Drama	- To understand the difference between style and genre	- To develop understanding of style and genre	- To understand how to read and analyse a script	- To strengthen understanding of Shakespeare's plays (working alongside	- To understand the concept of storytelling - To understand what 'devising'
	- To gain knowledge of basic performance skills and their purposes.	-To understand the conventions of the Melodramatic style To extend knowledge of	- To understand Mime as a theatre style and identify its conventions.	- To gain knowledge of Musical Theatre as a style of performance.	- To develop understanding of script analysis	means in a Drama context - To extend knowledge of vocal skills and physical skills
	- To understand what 'audience awareness' is and why it is important.	- To extend and develop knowledge of vocal and physical skills	-To understand conventions of the comedy genre.	- To gain knowledge of contrasting characters.	- To gain knowledge of Shakespearian language in Drama	- To gain understanding of what Drama conventions/ techniques are and how these are used to make Drama more effective
	- To gain knowledge and understanding of character emotions and how these are portrayed in Drama	- To understand what status is and how to show varying levels of status in Drama	- To understand what specificity is and why it's an important skill in Drama. - To extend knowledge of physical skills	knowledge of genre - To extend knowledge of characterisation. - To gain knowledge	-To gain knowledge of tools that can be used to demonstrate character relationships. - To gain knowledge of how performance skills	- To gain knowledge of what a stimulus is and how it can be used to create Drama

	1	- To gain knowledge of	,	of character	can communicate	- To understand how we evaluate
	- To understand	exaggeration in Drama	- To gain knowledge of	relationships.	meaning to the	creative choices
	'Thoughts aloud' and	and why this is important		Telationships.	audience.	creative choices
	its purpose	and why this is important	performance structure	To atura wether a	addience.	
	its purpose	- To understand how to	(chronological,	- To strengthen	-To gain knowledge of	- To extend knowledge of Drama
	– To understand	identify and evaluate	flashback, etc.)	knowledge of English	common Drama	key words and technical
	improvisation &	how Style of theatre is		literature plays and	conventions used in	terminology
	•	•	- To gain knowledge in	playwrights		
	rehearsal processes to create and develop	shown.	successfully Identifying		Shakespearian plays	
	Drama.		and evaluating key	- To extend	(I.e. asides, monologues/	
	Didilia.	- To extend knowledge of	physical skills	knowledge of Drama		
		Drama key words and		key words and	soliloquies, poetic	
	- To extend knowledge	technical terminology	To out on all trooutle day	technical terminology	language, etc.)	
	of Drama key words		- To extend knowledge			
	and technical		of Drama key words		- To extend knowledge	
	terminology		and technical		of Drama key words	
			terminology		and technical	
	- To understand the				terminology	
	concept of					
	Characterisation			_		
Skills	Awareness and control	Awareness and control	Awareness and control	Awareness and	Awareness and control	Awareness and control of:
	<u>of</u>	of:	of:	control of:	of:	Soft skills: Resilience, Confidence,
	Soft skills: Focus &	Soft skills:	Soft skills: Confidence,	Soft skills:	Soft skills: Resilience,	Focus, Teamwork, Communication
	Teamwork	Communication, Focus &	Focus, Teamwork,	Confidence, Focus,	Confidence, Focus,	Physical skills: Proxemics, Eye
	Physical skills: Body	Teamwork	Communication	Teamwork,	Teamwork,	contact, physical Contact, Levels,
	Language, Facial	Physical skills: Levels,	Physical skills: Physical	Communication	Communication	Body Language, Facial Expressions,
	Expressions, Gesture,	Body Language, Facial	Contact, Body	Physical skills: Levels,	Physical skills: Eye	Gesture, Use of space
	Use of space	Expressions, Gesture, Use	Language, Facial	Body Language, Facial	contact, physical	Vocal skills: Intonation (emphasis)
	Vocal skills: Tone of	of space	Expressions, Gesture,	Expressions, Gesture	Contact, Levels, Body	Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice,
	voice, Projection &	Drama conventions:	Use of space	Vocal skills: Pitch,	Language, Facial	Projection & Clarity
	Clarity	Still image	Vocal skills: Pause &	Pause, Pace, Tone of	Expressions, Gesture,	Drama conventions:
	Drama conventions:	Other key skills:	Pace, Tone of voice,	voice, Projection &	Use of space	Still image
	Thoughts aloud	Exaggeration	Projection & Clarity	Clarity, Use of space	Vocal skills: Intonation	Academics kills:
	Academic Skills:	Academic Skills:	Drama conventions:	Drama conventions:	(emphasis) Pitch, Pause,	Justifying creative decisions, script
	Self-analysis, target	Peer-analysis, Self-	Narration, still image	Narration, still image	Pace, Tone of voice,	analysis, Peer-analysis, Self-
	setting	analysis, target setting	Other key skills:	Other key skills:	Projection & Clarity	analysis, target setting

Exaggeration Academic Skills: Peeranalysis, Self-analysis, target setting	Exaggeration Academics kills: Peer-analysis, Self-analysis, target setting	Drama conventions: Narration, still image Other key skills: Exaggeration Academics kills: Script analysis, Writing as a performer, Peer- analysis, Self-analysis, target setting
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Concepts

- To become confident performers.
- To understand how to work cohesively as part of a team.
- To understand different methods of devising Drama. (i.e improvised, planned, from a stimulus, etc.)
- To understand how to use characterisation- Taking a character (either from script or imagination) and using performance skills to show a clear character.
- To know how to perform a variety of theatre styles. (i.e mime, melodrama, etc.)
- Know how to use different drama conventions (form) to communicate meaning to the audience.
- Evaluate and reflect on their own and others work, adapting, refining and target setting.
- Discuss different aspects of their own work, explaining what creative choices were made and how.

The Drama curriculum aims to achieve confidence, creativity and an understanding of Performance skills. This is delivered through a variety of topics, that explore different styles of Theatre, Drama conventions, explorative strategies and vocal and physical skills.

Drama learning is CYCLICAL – the same skills are reapplied in more complex ways over time at KS3.

8 Drama	Detectives	Horror	Romeo & Juliet	Lord of the flies	Noughts and	Stage to Screen
	Exploration of Drama strategies and conventions	Exploration of genre and creating tension	To aid understanding of Shakespeare, to	Developing knowledge of Drama	Crosses	Developing vocal and physical skills and devised work



			understand the role of the director	conventions and explorative strategies	Developing skills in script-work, exploring intention	
Knowledge	- To extend knowledge of characterisation - To gain knowledge of Drama conventions: Flashback, Narration, Cross cutting. - To gain knowledge of explorative strategies: Hot seating, Whole class Drama, Teacher in role, Improvisation - To gain knowledge of problem solving in Drama. - To extend knowledge of genre - To extends understanding of structure - To extend knowledge of devising Drama from a stimulus - To extend knowledge	- To gain knowledge of what tension is and how it is important in Drama - To gain knowledge of Climax and anti-climax in Drama structure. - To gain knowledge of skills that build tension - To gain knowledge of Drama conventions: Soundscape, Dramatic Irony - To gain knowledge of devising Drama with intention. - To extend knowledge of physical skills and exaggeration. - To extend knowledge of written evaluation in Drama. - To extend knowledge of	- To strengthen knowledge/understand ing of Shakespeare's plays (working alongside English department) - To develop knowledge of script analysis. (understanding atmosphere, analysing stage directions, character relationships, etc.) - To extends knowledge of the Director's role in theatre. - To gain knowledge of design elements and why these are important to Drama. - To gain knowledge of stage combat	- To extend knowledge of Drama conventions: Narration, Thoughts aloud, Still image, Slow motion, use of Mime - To extend knowledge of explorative strategies: Whole class Drama, Teacher in role, whole class still image, spontaneous improvisation. - To support knowledge of English literature - To support knowledge of English History - To gain knowledge of how to write from the perspective of a character.	- To develop understanding of scriptwork - To gain knowledge of Naturalism and Stanislavski's system - To gain knowledge of Drama and political genres - To understand what intentions are in terms of Drama - To understand how a playwright achieves intentions through text - To develop understanding of techniques that show character relationships - To extend knowledge of character work - To extend knowledge of performance skills to show character	- To gain knowledge of different theatre conventions: Direct address, Cliff hanger - To gain knowledge of creating performance with intention - To extend knowledge on devising with a stimulus - To extend knowledge of performance skills - To extend knowledge of genre. - To extend knowledge of Drama key words and technical terminology
	of vocal and physical			- To extend	5517 6.10146161	

- T an ev Dr - T of an	Fo gain knowledge of malysing and valuating use of rama conventions To extend knowledge of Drama key words and technical erminology	Drama key words and technical terminology	- To extend knowledge of Drama key words and technical terminology	knowledge of performance skills to show character emotion. - To extend knowledge of Drama key words and technical terminology	objectives and motivation. - To extend knowledge of Drama key words and technical terminology	
of Soo so co Te Co Ph Pr co Co La Ex Vo Pit To Pr Dr Fla Cr Ex W Te	wareness and control in the skills: Problem olving, Resilience, onfidence, Focus, eamwork, ommunication mysical skills: Stance, roxemics, Eye ontact, physical ontact, Levels, Body inguage, Facial ixpressions, Gesture ocal skills: Emphasis, tch, Pause, Pace, one of voice, rojection & Clarity rama conventions: ashback, Narration, ross-cutting ixplorative strategies: thole class Drama, eacher in role, opprovisation	Awareness and control of: Soft skills: Resilience, Confidence, Focus, Teamwork, Communication Physical skills: stillness, stance Proxemics, Eye contact, physical Contact, Levels, Body Language, Facial Expressions, Gesture Vocal skills: Emphasis, Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice, Projection & Clarity Drama conventions: Dramatic Irony, Soundscape, Narration, Still image Academic skills: Responding to stimulus, Peer-analysis, Self- analysis, target setting	Awareness and control of: Soft skills: Resilience, Confidence, Focus, Teamwork, Communication Physical skills: Stillness, stance, Proxemics, Eye contact, physical Contact, Levels, Body Language, Facial Expressions, Gesture Vocal skills: Emphasis, Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice, Projection & Clarity Drama conventions: soliloquy, asides Academics kills: Writing as a director/designer, Justifying creative decisions, script and	Awareness and control of: Soft skills: Problem solving, Resilience, Confidence, Focus, Teamwork, Communication Physical skills: Stillness, stance, Proxemics, Eye contact, physical Contact, Levels, Body Language, Facial Expressions, Gesture Vocal skills: Emphasis, Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice, Projection & Clarity Drama conventions: Slow motion, use of Mime, Narration, Thoughts aloud, still image	Awareness and control of: Soft skills: Problem solving, Resilience, Confidence, Focus, Teamwork, Communication Physical skills: Stillness, stance, Proxemics, Eye contact, physical Contact, Levels, Body Language, Facial Expressions, Gesture Vocal skills: Emphasis, Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice, Projection & Clarity Drama conventions: Marking the moment, Narration, Thoughts aloud, still image Explorative strategies: Hot seating, Conscience corridor	Awareness and control of: Soft skills: Problem solving, Resilience, Confidence, Focus, Teamwork, Communication Physical skills: Stillness, stance, Proxemics, Eye contact, physical Contact, Levels, Body Language, Facial Expressions, Gesture Vocal skills: Emphasis, Pitch, Pause, Pace, Tone of voice, Projection & Clarity Drama conventions: Cliff hanger, direct address, cross- cutting, narration Academic skills: Responding to stimulus, Peer- analysis, Self-analysis, target setting

Head of Faculty: Miss Haynes
Faculty Teachers: Miss McThr

Academic skills:	character analysis,	Explorative	Academic skills:	
Character analysis,	Peer-analysis, Self-	strategies:	Character and script	
Peer-analysis, Self-	analysis, target setting	Whole class still	analysis, Peer-analysis,	
analysis, target setting	Technical design skills:	image, spontaneous	Self-analysis, target	
	Lighting design,	improvisation, Whole	setting	
	costume design, set	class Drama, Teacher		
	design, sound design	in role		
		Academic skills:		
		Responding to		
		stimulus, Peer-		
		analysis, Self-analysis,		
		target setting		

Concepts

- To become confident performers.
- To understand how to work cohesively as part of a team.
- To understand different methods of devising Drama. (i.e improvised, planned, from a stimulus, etc.)
- To be able to create Drama with intention.
- To understand how to use characterisation- Taking a character (either from script or imagination) and using performance skills to show a clear character.
- To be able to show clear character relationships.
- To understand how structure is used when creating Drama.
- To know how to perform a variety of theatre styles and genres. (i.e Musical Theatre, Horror, soap etc.)
- Know how to use different drama conventions (form) to communicate meaning to the audience.
- Evaluate and reflect on their own and others work, adapting, refining and target setting.
- Discuss different aspects of their own work, explaining what creative choices were made and how.

The Drama curriculum aims to achieve confidence, creativity and an understanding of Performance skills. This is delivered through a variety of topics, that explore different styles of Theatre, Drama conventions, explorative strategies and vocal and physical skills.

• Drama learning is CYCLICAL – the same skills are reapplied in more complex ways over time at KS3.

7 Music	Singing Skills Singing and Performing on an instrument Part C Arts Award: Arts inspiration	Jazz and Blues Accessing different Musical traditions	Orchestra Gaining insights into ensembles and instrument families	Body Percussion Understanding relationships between Dynamics and Rhythms	Notation Reading and writing musical symbols	Garageband Composing and Improvising
Knowledge	Keywords- Elements of Music To Identify and describe different TEMPO through listening to a range of styles. Using the voice as an instrument. To Identify and describe effects of DYNAMICS found in a range of pieces. To Identify and describe RHYTHM- found across a range of music.	TEMPO-Identify and describe different TEMPO through listening to a range of styles. To Identify a range of sounds and Instruments To know musical style in cultural and Historical context To understand Western and non-Western Musical traditions Reading and Singing Lyrics	To categorize and IDENTIFY the four main families of Orchestral instruments. To gain knowledge of TIMBRE and PITCH of different Instruments and Families To understand how to read musical symbols from a score To see examples of an Orchestra in action and discuss employment opportunities for musicians	To understand basic Rhythms and how to use the Body to perform To make the link between the body and the production of sound. To watch and evaluate their own performance in relation to others.	To gain insight to requirements and meaning of musical symbol and why we read Music from a page To recognize and label NOTATION accurately. Identify and list different staff symbols. To understand meaning of Note values and how they have a different length	To know how to log in and manage a software app To compose and perform music using ICT To develop knowledge of Instrument families in a practical setting.

Head of Faculty: Miss Haynes

	To make links between their classroom examples and their own music knowledge Soft Skills:	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills: Confidence	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills: Concentration,
JKIIIS	Concentration , responsibility, presentation skills. Perform using Tempo as a guide and use to find place in a piece. Apply use of DYNAMICS to performances and as a tool for composing. Technical skills: To Sing and play a range of pieces and recognize PITCH ranges when composing and performing.	Communication, discussion and group outcomes. Technical skills: To apply Tempo and perform successfully to Click track To read note names and interpret a musical Chart Performance skills and gaining confidence through practice Singing lyrics of a song in a particular style	Communication Team work Growth mindset approach to problem- solving: practice and improve from mistakes Technical Skills: Ensemble performance skills To follow a music chart accurately To perform on a musical instrument with expression and accuracy	and Resilience for solo performing. Communication skills Technical Skills: Perform RHYTHMS ranging in length and complexity. Listening skills-concentration and making improvements Physical Skills: Co-ordination Balance	Concentration , responsibility, presentation skills. Technical Skills: Read and perform Music from a page using a small range of note values. PITCH- Identify and describe Major key pitches and some Minor. Notate PARTS of or whole MELODIES accurately on a stave. Perform MELODIES by reading NOTATION.	independent learning, appropriate use of ICT Technical Skills: :To apply Composing skills using a piano keyboard to input notes and chords. To Improvise on keyboard To perform using an adjustable click track To use a software to record and make improvements to their own music.

Students work as individuals and within groups with focussed rehearsal and preparation time leading to class performances. Concentration and listening skills are developed as well as self- confidence and the ability to interpret written instructions and symbols. Group work relies extensively on communication and team skills in

order to produce a successful creative outcome developing greater interpretation skills. Both group and solo improvisation work engages students in 'flow' where a set of musical parameters are laid out that allow for free expression and exploration of 'right brain' activity. Memorization and applying of notation symbols require concentration skills and 'left brain' activity and creativity. All feedback and peer review encourage principles of 'Growth Mindset' where 'failure' can be is seen as a step to future success through effort and practice.

National curriculum

- Access to Different musical traditions and the stylistic features of JAZZ and Blues, Western Classical tradition, EDM, Brazilian Samba, Film Soundtracks.
- Improvisation as a means of expression and as a technique for composing.
- Use of symbols to produce and organise music effectively
- To gain theoretical understanding of the inter-related dimensions of music through Keywords in practice and through examples.

8 Music	Body percussion II Understanding relationships between Dynamics and Rhythms	Pentatonic Scale Identify and compose using the Pentatonic scale	Texture and Timbre Knowledge and Understanding of Timbre and Texture in musical context	Ensemble Keyboard Skills Performing on an instrument	Notation II Reading and writing musical symbols Composing using symbols	Ensemble Singing Develop skills as a performer
	Part C Arts Award: Arts inspiration					



Knowledge	To understand basic	Identify and describe the	To Categorize and	Keywords- Elements of	To gain insight into	To apply techniques to warm up and
KIIOWIEUZE	Rhythms and how to use	PENTATONIC scale.	identify TEXTRUE	Music	requirements and	sing patterns
	the body to perform To make and develop the link between body and sounds using Dynamics and Tempo. To watch and evaluate their own performance in relation to others with increasing awareness. To understand relation between individual part the ensemble performance.	Perform the 5 notes of this scale accurately To know musical styles in cultural and Historical context of this scale To understand Western and non- Western Musical traditions. To apply PENTATONIC to performance and composing	through examples. To gain knowledge of TIMBRE and PITCH of different Instruments and Families and world instruments. To develop knowledge of TIMBRE through listening examples To see examples of an Orchestra in action and discuss the examples of different Texture and Timbre in context.	To confidently Identify and describe different TEMPO through listening to a range of styles. To Identify and describe in some detail effects of DYNAMICS found in a range of pieces. To Identify and describe a range of RHYTHMS found across a range of music. To know how to manage own progress and ask for feedback from teacher and peers	meaning of musical symbol. To recognize and label NOTATION accurately. To Identify and list different staff symbols used in music. To understand meaning of a range of note values and how they have a different length	To gain experience of singing in an ensemble To gain access to choral repertoire To gain confident Knowledge of different pitches and scale patters
	To Identify and describe different TEMPO through listening to a range of styles. To Identify and describe effects of DYNAMICS			Using the voice as an instrument		

of Faculty: Miss Hayne ty Teachers: Miss McT	es 'hredder, Mr Trebar, Mis	ss Salter. Miss Osborne	•
found in a range of pieces.			

found in a range of			
pieces.			
pieces.			
To Identify and describe			
RHYTHM- found across			
a range of music.			
To make increasingly			
diverse links between			
diverse links between			
classroom examples and			
their own music			
knowledge			

Skills	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills:	Soft Skills:
	Soft Skills: Perform using a range of Tempo as a guide and use to find place in a piece. Apply extensive use of DYNAMICS to performances and as a tool for composing. Technical skills: To Sing and play a range of pieces and recognize PITCH ranges when composing and performing. Soft Skills: Confidence and Resilience for solo performing.	Soft Skills Listening skills: Technical skills: To apply Tempo and perform successfully to Click track To read note names and interpret a musical Chart Performance skills and gaining confidence through practice Physical Skills: Co-ordination and fine motor skills for keyboard	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Concentration, responsibility, presentation skills. Technical skills: Read and perform Music from a page using a wider range of note values PITCH- Identify and describe Major key pitches and some Minor. Notate PARTS of or whole MELODIES accurately on a stave. Perform MELODIES by reading NOTATION. Evaluate their own and	Concentration, focus and listneing skills Technical skills: To apply performance skills using Accurately sing pitches and listen to others To adjust pitch using visual instruction and ear To sing with accurate PITCH and TEMPO and follow the STRUCTURE of a song.
	Communication skills Technical skills		keyboard To perform on a musical instrument with increasing expression and accuracy		others' work through sight and sound	

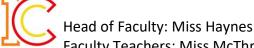
Perform RHYTHMS		
ranging in length and		
complexity.		
Listening skills-		
concentration and		
making improvements		
from modelling and		
verbal feedback		
Physical Skills:		
Co-ordination		
Balance		
Make physical		
adjustments in relation		
to feedback		

Concepts

- Gain theoretical understanding of the inter-related dimensions of music through Keywords in practice and through a range of different styles of music examples.
- Access to Different musical traditions and the stylistic features of JAZZ and Blues, Western Classical tradition, EDM, Brazilian Samba, Film Soundtracks.
- Improvisation as a means of expression and as a technique for composing.
- To be able to use of symbols to produce and organise music effectively

Literacy Overview

• Literacy in performing arts supports the student reflective and evaluate development.



- Through knowledge and use of subject specific vocabulary, script reading, differentiated writing frames, tier 2 vocuablaty objectives and displays, questioning.
- Music keywords- linked to Music concepts
- Musical Notation language and terms and expressive terminology
- Reflective and descriptive language for listening activities
- Exploration of Romeo and Juliet/ Midsummer night's dream supports KS3 literacy/ understanding of Shakespeare

Numeracy

- Timing
- Angles
- Shape design 2D 3D Images
- Time signatures
- Music note values and patterns of the major and minor scale

ICT

- Use of apple Mac garage band software
- Microsoft Office 365 used for presentations and written elements.
- Use of digital recording equipment and playback

Being work ready

- Workshops with leading practitioners
- Community links West Sussex Music / Dance schools
- Theatre and concert trips
- Performances in the community and wide community of Crawley
- BTEC Vocational context briefs
- Encouraging leadership and teamworking skills
- Other soft skills such and confidence, resilience, etc. which are all transferable to the workplace

High challenge leading to social mobility

• Straight to a challenge / extension tasks

The human over the subject

- Pride in performances in class
- Participation in whole school performances (musical) / celebrations / assemblies / iBACC graduation
- Personalised projects (music)
- SMSC in performing arts: e.g. Varied themes
- Taking pride in self presentation in practical work correct kit etc
- Resilience and sustained focus time and effort when rehearsing work.

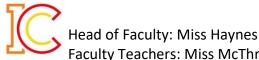
What is the Impact?

Dance

Students work both individually and in groups to perform taught motifs and own choreography and develop dance skills in various dance styles. The difference the curriculum is making to the students learning is that it is allowing the students to engage physically with different social, cultural, moral and historical dance. It allows a platform for students to develop confidence and creatively. Developing leadership and teamwork skills to achieve a common goal. They develop confidence in themselves and performance skills to take them forward in the next stage of their life whether that be dance or transferable skills. DEP tracking of progress and SOW planning combines performance choreography and analysis skills.

<u>Drama</u>

Students work in groups and pairs to create scenes of Drama and develop use of Drama conventions, styles of theatre and vocal and physical skills. By exploring different topics and stories, the Drama curriculum allows students to engage with a variety of cultural, social, historical and ethical themes. Through performance-based work, Drama allows students to develop independent focus, resilience, confidence and creativity, while strengthening teamworking skills such as listening, contribution, accountability and communication when taking part in group work. Theory-based work encourages pupils to be reflective and analytical thinkers who can justify their creative decisions and evaluate their work and the work of others. The subject allows students to develop key performance skills for Drama, personal confidence and creativity, teamworking skills, which are valuable to their next step in education relating to Drama or carrying transferable skills to other subjects.



Music

Students work as individuals with focussed rehearsal and preparation time leading to class performance. Concentration and listening skills are developed as well as self- confidence and the ability to interpret written instructions and symbols. Group work relies extensively on communication and team skills in order to produce a successful creative outcome as music as the previously mentioned solo music interpretation skills. Both group and solo improvisation work engages students in 'flow' where a set of musical parameters are laid out but allow for free expression and exploration of 'right brain' activity. Memorization of notation and symbols require concentration skills and 'left brain' activity. All feedback and peer review encourage principles of 'Open Mindset' where failure to complete a task is seen as a step to future success through effort and practice.

Arts Award

The performing arts curriculum aims to achieve, creativity, communication and leadership, resulting in a Level 1 certificate in the arts (Arts Award: Bronze). The curriculum is delivered in a way that allows students to actively explore and experience different art forms, whilst consolidating knowledge and skills learnt in dance and drama to prepare students for KS4.

